## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

HOWARD L. HILL, II,	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
v.	)	Civil Action No. 13-0165 (RWR)
CHARLES E. SAMUELS, JR. et al.,	)	
Defendants.	)	

## **MEMORANDUM OPINION**

Pending is Defendants' Motion to Dismiss or, Alternatively, to Transfer Venue [Doc. # 13]. Plaintiff has filed an opposition and "counterclaim for summary judgment" [Doc. # 17], and defendants have filed a reply [Doc. # 19]. For the following reasons, the complaint will be dismissed in part and transferred.

Plaintiff is a prisoner who was once housed at the United States Penitentiary in Lewisburg, Pennsylvania ("USP Lewisburg"). He sues the warden there and certain high-level officials of the Bureau of Prisons, including Director Charles Samuels, under *Bivens v. Six Unknown Named Agents of Fed. Bureau of Narcotics*, 403 U.S. 388 (1971). Plaintiff purports to challenge the constitutionality of BOP's Program Statement ("PS") 1315.07 governing the legal activities of inmates. *See* www.bop.gov/policy/progstat/1315\_007. He alleges that the policy as applied to him has hindered his pursuit of a collateral challenge to his conviction in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia. *See generally* Compl. at 8-13.

Under *Bivens*, a plaintiff has "an implied private action for damages against federal officers alleged to have violated [his] constitutional rights." *Corr. Servs. Corp. v. Malesko*, 534

U.S. 61, 66 (2001). Critical to a *Bivens* claim is an allegation "that the defendant federal official was personally involved in the illegal conduct." *Simpkins v. District of Columbia Gov't*, 108 F.3d 366, 369 (D.C. Cir. 1997); *see accord Ashcroft v. Iqbal*, 556 U.S. 662, 676 (2009) (explaining that "[b]ecause vicarious liability is inapplicable to *Bivens* . . . suits, a plaintiff must plead that each Government-official defendant, through the official's own individual actions, has violated the Constitution").

## 1. The Claim Against Defendants Samuels and Watts

Plaintiff mistakenly identifies Watts as BOP's General Counsel. Compl. Caption; Compl. at 4, ¶ 10. Judicial notice is taken of the fact that Kathleen M. Kenney is BOP's General Counsel.

Hence, the motion to dismiss the complaint against Director Samuels and Administrator Watts

will be granted for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

2. <u>Improper Venue</u>

"Courts in this jurisdiction must examine challenges to . . . venue carefully to guard

against the danger that a plaintiff might manufacture venue in the District of Columbia."

Cameron v. Thornburgh, 983 F.2d 253, 256 (D.C. Cir. 1993). Under the circumstances of this

case, venue is proper in a judicial district where "a substantial part of the events or omissions

giving rise to the claim occurred." 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b). Since none of the alleged events

occurred in the District of Columbia, the remainder of this case will be transferred in the interest

of justice to a judicial district "where the court may exercise personal jurisdiction [over the

individuals directly responsible for the alleged misconduct], where venue is proper, and where

the events giving rise to plaintiff's claims occurred." Ballard, 601 F. Supp. 2d at 123; see

Zakiya v. United States, 267 F. Supp. 2d 47, 59 (D.D.C. 2003) (transferring case involving

challenge to national BOP policy to the district where "actual implementation" of the policy

occurred). A separate order accompanies this Memorandum Opinion.

/s/

RICHARD W. ROBERTS

Chief Judge

DATE: November 20, 2013

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